No. 106

英文法 ULTIMATE CHEAT SHEET

正誤問題で狙われる文法ミスTOP50

正誤問題・誤文訂正で何度も出る誤りを50の型に整理。誤文→正文→ポイントの3点セットで「どこを疑うか」の目を作る。

Web版はこちら

ここだけ3行

1 まず主語と動詞を見つけ、数・時制・態の一致を確かめる
2 動詞の後ろ（前置詞の有無・to か -ing か）を疑う
3 名詞は可算・不可算、関係詞は後ろの完全・不完全をチェック

正誤問題の見方：疑う順番 4

① **主語と動詞を決める**
修飾語句（of ～・関係詞節・挿入）をカッコでくくり、主語の中心と動詞の数・時制を確かめる。

② **動詞の後ろを見る**
自動詞か他動詞か、to V か -ing か、受動態にできる動詞か。語法の誤りは動詞の直後に集中する。

③ **名詞・代名詞・冠詞を見る**
不可算名詞の -s・a、代名詞の数、the other / another。

④ **最後に「正しそうな所」も疑う**
どれも正しく見えたら、時制の目印（yesterday・since）や比較の形（very＋比較級）を見直す。

① 動詞の語法・文型 8

☐ ✕ ~~We discussed about the plan yesterday.~~
○ We discussed the plan yesterday.
discuss は他動詞。about は不要

☐ ✕ ~~She married with a doctor last year.~~
○ She married a doctor last year.
marry は他動詞（be married to も可）

☐ ✕ ~~We reached to the station at six.~~
○ We reached the station at six.
reach は他動詞（＝get to／arrive at）

☐ ✕ ~~The price of vegetables has raised sharply.~~
○ The price of vegetables has risen sharply.
目的語なし→自動詞 rise

☐ ✕ ~~He laid on the sofa all afternoon.~~
○ He lay on the sofa all afternoon.
横になる＝lie の過去形 lay

☐ ✕ ~~I apologized him for being late.~~
○ I apologized to him for being late.
apologize to 人 for 事

☐ ✕ ~~She explained me the rule.~~
○ She explained the rule to me.
explain は第4文型をとらない

☐ ✕ ~~Please let me to know your answer.~~
○ Please let me know your answer.
使役 let＋O＋原形

② 主語と動詞の一致 5

☐ ✕ ~~The number of foreign tourists are increasing.~~
○ The number of foreign tourists is increasing.
主語は the number（数）→単数

☐ ✕ ~~Each of the students have a locker.~~
○ Each of the students has a locker.
each が主語→単数

☐ ✕ ~~The news were surprising to everyone.~~
○ The news was surprising to everyone.
news は不可算→単数扱い

☐ ✕ ~~The teacher, as well as her students, were excited.~~
○ The teacher, as well as her students, was excited.
A as well as B→A に一致

☐ ✕ ~~Economics are a popular subject.~~
○ Economics is a popular subject.
学問名の -ics は単数扱い

③ 時制 6

☐ ✕ ~~I'll call you when he will come back.~~
○ I'll call you when he comes back.
時の副詞節は未来でも現在形

☐ ✕ ~~I have visited Kyoto last year.~~
○ I visited Kyoto last year.
last year は現在完了と使えない

☐ ✕ ~~I am knowing him since childhood.~~
○ I have known him since childhood.
状態動詞＋since→現在完了

☐ ✕ ~~I lost the watch which my father has given me.~~
○ I lost the watch which my father had given me.
過去の話に現在完了は不可→had given（gave も可）

☐ ✕ ~~It is ten years since he has died.~~
○ It is ten years since he died.
since の後は過去の一点→過去形

☐ ✕ ~~She has been to London, so she isn't here now.~~
○ She has gone to London, so she isn't here now.
行ってしまって今いない→have gone to

④ 受動態・自動詞 4

☐ ✕ ~~The accident was happened last night.~~
○ The accident happened last night.
happen は自動詞→受動態にしない

☐ ✕ ~~The boy was disappeared suddenly.~~
○ The boy disappeared suddenly.
disappear は自動詞

☐ ✕ ~~I was stolen my wallet on the train.~~
○ I had my wallet stolen on the train.
盗まれるのは物。have＋O＋p.p.

☐ ✕ ~~This team is consisted of ten players.~~
○ This team consists of ten players.
consist of は能動態で使う

⑤ 助動詞・仮定法 5

☐ ✕ ~~If I would have known, I would have helped.~~
○ If I had known, I would have helped.
仮定の if 節は had p.p.（would は主節）

☐ ✕ ~~The teacher suggested that he takes a break.~~
○ The teacher suggested that he take a break.
提案の that 節は（should）＋原形

☐ ✕ ~~I wish I can speak French.~~
○ I wish I could speak French.
I wish＋仮定法過去

☐ ✕ ~~You had not better tell her.~~
○ You had better not tell her.
not は better の後

☐ ✕ ~~He must be at home yesterday.~~
○ He must have been at home yesterday.
過去への推量は must have p.p.

◆ ⑥ 不定詞・動名詞 6

☐ ✕ ~~We enjoyed to swim in the sea.~~
○ We enjoyed swimming in the sea.
enjoy は -ing だけ

☐ ✕ ~~I look forward to hear from you.~~
○ I look forward to hearing from you.
to は前置詞→-ing

☐ ✕ ~~It is kind for you to help me.~~
○ It is kind of you to help me.
人の性質の形容詞→of 人

☐ ✕ ~~This river is dangerous to swim in it.~~
○ This river is dangerous to swim in.
主語＝in の目的語。it を重ねない

☐ ✕ ~~My mother made me to clean my room.~~
○ My mother made me clean my room.
使役 make＋O＋原形

☐ ✕ ~~This book is worth to read.~~
○ This book is worth reading.
be worth -ing

◆ ⑦ 分詞 3

☐ ✕ ~~I was exciting about the trip.~~
○ I was excited about the trip.
人がわくわくした→-ed

☐ ✕ ~~Walking along the street, a strange sound was heard.~~
○ Walking along the street, I heard a strange sound.
歩いていたのは I。主語をそろえる

☐ ✕ ~~Seeing from the plane, the island looks small.~~
○ Seen from the plane, the island looks small.
島は「見られる」側→p.p.

◆ ⑧ 関係詞・接続詞 5

☐ ✕ ~~This is the town where I visited last year.~~
○ This is the town which I visited last year.
visit の目的語が欠ける→関係代名詞

☐ ✕ ~~This is the book what I wanted.~~
○ This is the book which [that] I wanted.
先行詞の後に what は不可

☐ ✕ ~~He is the man whom I think is honest.~~
○ He is the man who I think is honest.
I think を外すと is の主語→主格

☐ ✕ ~~I met her during I was in Paris.~~
○ I met her while I was in Paris.
後ろが S V→接続詞

☐ ✕ ~~Despite he was tired, he kept working.~~
○ Though he was tired, he kept working.
despite は前置詞(Despite being tired も可)

◆ ⑨ 名詞・冠詞・代名詞 4

☐ ✕ ~~I have many homeworks today.~~
○ I have a lot of homework today.
homework は不可算

☐ ✕ ~~Could you give me an advice?~~
○ Could you give me some advice?
advice は不可算

☐ ✕ ~~I usually go to school by a bus.~~
○ I usually go to school by bus.
手段の by＋無冠詞

☐ ✕ ~~I have two sisters. One is in Tokyo, and another is in Osaka.~~
○ …One is in Tokyo, and the other is in Osaka.
2人のうち残りの1人→the other

◆ ⑩ 形容詞・副詞・比較 4

☐ ✕ ~~This dictionary is very better than that one.~~
○ This dictionary is much better than that one.
比較級の強調に very は不可

☐ ✕ ~~This model is superior than the old one.~~
○ This model is superior to the old one.
superior は than でなく to

☐ ✕ ~~Almost students passed the exam.~~
○ Most students passed the exam.
almost は副詞→almost all students も可

☐ ✕ ~~Mt. Fuji is higher than any other mountains in Japan.~~
○ …than any other mountain in Japan.
any other＋単数名詞

正誤問題で迷った時の心得

正誤問題は「意味を変えずに、最小限の修正で直せる所」を探す。単語を別の語に替えれば直る、というのは正解の根拠にならない。**文法の約束(一致・語法・語順)に反している所**を1つだけ探す。どうしても見つからない時は「誤りなし」の選択肢がある形式かを確認する。

◆ 確認テスト

誤りのある下線部(太字)を1つ選ぶ。意味を変えずに直せる所が答え。

1 The number of (A)**cars** (B)**on** the road (C)**are** (D)**increasing** every year.
a A b B c C d D

2 The news (A)**that** he had won the prize (B)**were** (C)**a** big surprise (D)**to** all of us.
a A b B c C d D

3 When I (A)**arrived** at the station (B)**yesterday**, the train (C)**has** already (D)**left**.
a A b B c C d D

4 Each of the (A)**members** (B)**have** (C)**to** pay the fee (D)**by** Friday.
a A b B c C d D

5 She was (A)**so** (B)**exciting** (C)**about** the trip (D)**that** she couldn't sleep.
a A b B c C d D

6 It was very (A)**kind** (B)**for** you (C)**to** help (D)**me** with my homework.

a A b B c C d D

7 I (A)**suggested** (B)**that** she (C)**goes** (D)**to** see a doctor.

a A b B c C d D

8 We enjoyed (A)**to swim** (B)**in** the lake (C)**during** (D)**the** summer vacation.

a A b B c C d D

9 I'm used (A)**to** (B)**get** up early, so six o'clock (C)**is** (D)**not** hard for me.

a A b B c C d D

◆ 解答

1 C the number が主語→is
2 B news は単数扱い→was
3 C 過去より前→had
4 B each→単数→has
5 B 人が感じる→excited
6 B kind→of 人
7 C 提案の that 節→原形 go
8 A enjoy -ing→swimming
9 B be used to -ing→getting

参考資料 原田英語「英語正誤問題 頻出パターン15選＆5ステップ解法」

もっと無料で学ぶなら

原田英語.com

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