確認問題
159

語彙・語法 CHECK TEST

人の性格・感情を表す形容詞60（心情把握の必須語） 確認問題集

性格・感情の形容詞37問。文脈の4択・言い換え・-ed／-ing・派生語・心情の変化で、物語文の心情問題に備える。

元のチートシートへ

月　日　名前　　／37問

表で解いて、裏で答え合わせ。まちがえた所は元のシートへ。

◆ Ⅰ 空所に入る最も適切なものを選べ

1 After waiting all night for news of the missing climbers, the families were ＿＿ to hear that all of them had been found alive.
a resentful　b stubborn　c relieved　d ashamed

2 I am deeply ＿＿ to everyone who supported me while I was in the hospital.
a punctual　b curious　c jealous　d grateful

3 Although Emma is the top student in her class, she is always ＿＿ about her achievements and never boasts.
a arrogant　b outspoken　c modest　d greedy

4 He is quite rich, but he refuses to spend even a little money on birthday presents for his own children. Everyone says he is ＿＿.
a generous　b sincere　c thrifty　d stingy

5 Mark felt ＿＿ about breaking his promise to his little brother, so he apologized the next day.
a guilty　b content　c amused　d thrilled

6 Kate was ＿＿ between staying in her hometown and moving to Tokyo for a better job.
a eager　b torn　c frank　d loyal

7 The instructions were so confusing that we were completely ＿＿ about what to do next.
a witty　b delighted　c puzzled　d punctual

8 Jack is so ＿＿ that he easily starts conversations with people he has just met.
a introverted　b reserved　c timid　d outgoing

9 When Lisa realized she had worn her sweater inside out all day, she was terribly ＿＿.
a envious　b guilty　c embarrassed　d resentful

10 He was ＿＿ of having lied to his best friend.
a regrettable　b shameful　c ashamed　d embarrassing

11 Even though she lives ＿＿, she is never lonely because she has a lot of friends and hobbies.
a lonely　b loneliness　c alone　d lone

12 With three tests and a club tournament in the same week, I felt completely ＿＿.
a overwhelmed　b content　c punctual　d amused

13 She was ＿＿ to become a doctor, and nothing could make her give up her dream.
a timid　b selfish　c determined　d hesitant

14 Our teacher is very ＿＿ with us about deadlines; she never accepts homework even one day late.
a strict　b easygoing　c stingy　d sentimental

◆ Ⅱ 下線部の意味に最も近いものを選べ

15 Many fans were <u>moved</u> by the singer's farewell speech.
a puzzled　b amused　c annoyed　d touched

16 The manager was <u>furious</u> when he found out about the mistake.
a very nervous　b slightly annoyed　c deeply ashamed　d extremely angry

17 Tom is very <u>thoughtful</u>; he always remembers his friends' birthdays.
a considerate　b competitive　c ambitious　d stubborn

18 She is <u>content</u> with her small apartment near the station.
a satisfied　b frustrated　c disappointed　d bored

19 The new student looked <u>ill at ease</u> during his first lunch at school.
a uncomfortable　b confident　c relaxed　d delighted

20 The children were <u>eager</u> to open their presents.
a unwilling　b afraid　c hesitant　d very keen

◆ Ⅲ 下線部のうち誤りを含むものを1つ選べ

21 I <u>was</u>(A) so <u>boring</u>(B) <u>during</u>(C) the long lecture that I <u>almost fell</u>(D) asleep.
a (A)　b (B)　c (C)　d (D)

22 The news <u>that</u>(A) our team had won the final was so <u>surprised</u>(B) that nobody <u>could</u>(C) believe it <u>at first</u>(D).
a (A)　b (B)　c (C)　d (D)

23 She felt <u>shameful</u>(A) <u>of</u>(B) the lie she <u>had told</u>(C) <u>to</u>(D) her mother.
a (A)　b (B)　c (C)　d (D)

24 The students <u>were</u>(A) <u>annoying</u>(B) by the <u>constant</u>(C) noise from the construction site, and some of them could not <u>concentrate</u>(D) on their test.
a (A)　b (B)　c (C)　d (D)

25 My grandmother was delighted(A) to receive(B) my letter and said she was very proud(C) with(D) my success.

a (A) b (B) c (C) d (D)

◆ Ⅳ( )内の語を適切な形に変えて空所に入れよ

26 To my ＿＿＿, the passport I had lost was found in my bag.(relieved)

27 She expressed her deep ＿＿＿ to the volunteers.(grateful)

28 He answered every question in the interview with great ＿＿＿.(confident)

29 Small children are full of ＿＿＿ about the world around them.(curious)

30 His ＿＿＿ to finish the marathon impressed everyone.(determined)

31 Her ＿＿＿ of her sister's success slowly damaged their relationship.(jealous)

32 Losing the final by one point was a very ＿＿＿ experience for the team.(frustrate)

33 The comedian's stories were so ＿＿＿ that the audience laughed all the way through.(amuse)

◆ Ⅴ 英文を読んで、問いの答えとして最も適切なものを選べ

34 Before the speech contest, Rina's hands were shaking and she kept checking her notes. When the audience applauded loudly at the end, she smiled and let out a deep breath. How did Rina's feelings change?

a relieved → nervous b bored → furious
c confident → disappointed d nervous → relieved

35 Daniel had always wanted a room of his own. When his parents finally gave him one, he was thrilled. After a few weeks, however, he began to miss talking with his brother late at night. How did Daniel's feelings change?

a delighted → lonely b lonely → delighted
c furious → content d jealous → grateful

36 When Ms. Sato's class won the chorus contest, she said nothing about her own hard work and praised her students instead. What does this show about Ms. Sato?

a She is stingy. b She is modest. c She is timid.
d She is arrogant.

37 Kenji was left out of the starting lineup for the final, even though he had practiced harder than anyone else. He felt it was unfair and could not stop thinking about it. Which word best describes Kenji's feelings?

a resentful b grateful c content d amused

解答・解説　人の性格・感情を表す形容詞60（心情把握の必須語）

1 **c　relieved**
一晩中の心配（−）が良い知らせで解けた＝relieved（ほっとした）。resentful は不当な扱いへの憤り、ashamed は自分の行いを恥じる気持ちで、場面に合わない。

2 **d　grateful**
be grateful to 人 for 事＝人に感謝している。支えてくれた人への気持ちなのでプラスの grateful。jealous of・curious about と、後ろの前置詞も合わない。

3 **c　modest**
never boasts（決して自慢しない）が決め手で modest（謙虚な）。arrogant（傲慢な）は正反対。性格問題は「具体的な行動」を根拠に選ぶ。

4 **d　stingy**
金持ちなのに子どもの誕生日にすら出さない＝批判的に見た「けち」で stingy（−）。thrifty は無駄を省く「倹約家の」（＋）で、この非難の文脈には合わない。

5 **a　guilty**
約束を破った→翌日謝った、の流れから罪悪感＝feel guilty about ～。残りはすべてプラスの感情で、まず＋／−で消せる。

6 **b　torn**
be torn between A and B＝AとBの板ばさみになる。between A and B の形が目印。eager は to do／for ～ を続ける。

7 **c　puzzled**
説明がわかりにくい→困惑した＝puzzled（≒ confused）。so ～ that の因果で、原因が−なので結果も−の語を選ぶ。

8 **d　outgoing**
初対面の人ともすぐ話せる＝outgoing（社交的な）。reserved・timid・introverted はどれも反対側の「控えめ・内気」グループ。

9 **c　embarrassed**
人前のうっかりミスの気まずさは embarrassed。guilty は悪いことをした時の罪悪感、envious は「うらやましい」、resentful は「憤慨した」で場面に合わない。→ シートの『紛らわしい気持ち』

10 **c　ashamed**
be ashamed of ～＝（自分の悪い行いを）恥じている。shameful は「行為が恥ずべき」で人の気持ちには使わず、embarrassing・regrettable も of ～ を取らない。

11 **c　alone**
alone は「ひとりで」という状態（副詞）。lonely は「さびしい」気持ちで、live lonely とは言わない。lone は名詞の前だけ。ひとりでもさびしくない、が文意。

12 **a　overwhelmed**
やることが山積み→いっぱいいっぱい＝overwhelmed。be overwhelmed with work の形でもよく出る。content（満足して）は文脈と逆。

13 **c　determined**
nothing could make her give up（何があってもあきらめない）＝determined to do（固く決心して）。hesitant（ためらって）は逆の意味。

14 **a　strict**
1日の遅れも認めない＝strict（厳しい）。be strict with 人 の with も目印。easygoing（おおらかな）は正反対。

15 **d　touched**
moved＝感動して、≒ touched（心を打たれた）。amused は「面白がって」で、別れのスピーチという場面にも合わない。

16 **d　extremely angry**
furious は angry よりずっと強い「激怒」。slightly annoyed は同じ怒りでも強さが逆。言い換え問題は＋／−だけでなく強さまで一致させる。

17 **a　considerate**
thoughtful＝思いやりのある（≒ considerate）。友達の誕生日を覚えている、が裏づけ。「考え深い」の意味もあるが、ここは人への気づかい。

18 **a　satisfied**
形容詞 content＝（with）満足して（≒ satisfied）。発音は con**tent**。名詞「中身」の **con**tent と区別する。

19 **a　uncomfortable**
at ease は「くつろいで」、ill at ease はその反対で「落ち着かない」＝uncomfortable。relaxed は at ease の言い換えなのでひっかけ。

20 **d　very keen**
be eager to do＝しきりに～したがる（≒ be keen to do）。unwilling・hesitant は「気が進まない・ためらう」で反対の意味。

21 **b　(B)**
人が「退屈させられた」気持ちは bored。boring だと「私は退屈な人間だった」になる。-ed は気持ち、-ing は物事の性質。

22 **b　(B)**
ニュースは驚きを引き起こす側なので surprising。感情を引き起こす側は -ing、感情を経験する側は -ed（人でも a boring teacher のように -ing になる）。that は同格の that で正しい。

23 **a　(A)**
人の「恥じる気持ち」は ashamed of。shameful は「（行為が）恥ずべき」で、a shameful act のように物事を表す。tell a lie to 人 は正しい。

24 **b　(B)**
by the noise（騒音によって）の受け身なので、学生は「イラッとさせられた」側＝annoyed。annoying（うっとうしい）は騒音のほうを表す語。

25 **d　(D)**
be proud of ～＝～を誇りに思う。with は不可。be delighted to do（喜んで～する）は正しい形。

26 **relief**
to one's relief＝ほっとしたことに。所有格 my の後ろなので名詞 relief。to my surprise・to my disappointment と同じ型。

27 **gratitude**
grateful の名詞は gratitude（感謝の気持ち）。express gratitude で「感謝を表す」。つづりは grat- で、great ではない。

28 **confidence**
with great ～ の後ろは名詞。confident → confidence（自信）。with confidence＝自信をもって、と副詞の働きになる。

29 **curiosity**
be full of＋名詞。curious → curiosity（好奇心）。-ous → -osity の変化は generous → generosity と同じ。

30 **determination**
所有格 His の後ろなので名詞 determination（決意）。to finish が後ろに続くのは形容詞 determined to do と同じ。

31 **jealousy**
主語の位置で Her の後ろなので名詞 jealousy（嫉妬）。jealous of ～ の of がそのまま名詞にも続く。

32 **frustrating**
経験そのものが人をイライラさせる側なので -ing の frustrating。チームの気持ちを言うなら The team was frustrated. になる。

33 **amusing**
話が人を「面白がらせる」ので amusing。観客の気持ちなら amused。-ing／-ed の判断は「何が主語か」で決まる。

34 **d　nervous → relieved**
手が震える・メモを何度も見る＝緊張(nervous)、拍手の後に笑顔で深い息＝ほっとした(relieved)。物語の王道の変化。順番が逆の選択肢に注意。

35 **a　delighted → lonely**
thrilled(大喜び)＝delighted、however の後の「兄と話せないのがさびしい」＝lonely。however は気持ちが変わる合図。

36 **b　She is modest.**
自分の努力には触れず生徒をほめた＝謙虚(modest)。性格を問う設問は、本文の具体的な行動を形容詞に言い換えた選択肢が正解になる。

37 **a　resentful**
不当だと感じて頭から離れない＝resentful(不当な扱いに憤って)。名詞 resentment(恨み)。ほかはすべてプラスの語。

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