確認問題
175

長文読解 CHECK TEST

内容一致問題の超絶解法(正解とダミーの作られ方) 確認問題集

内容一致の確認問題25問。短い英文で正解の言い換えとダミーの型を見抜き、根拠を言える力をつける。

元のチートシートへ

月　日　名前　／25問

表で解いて、裏で答え合わせ。まちがえた所は元のシートへ。

◆ Ⅰ 英文の内容と一致するものを1つ選べ

1 Kenta started running two years ago to lose weight. At first, he could not run for more than five minutes. Now he runs ten kilometers three times a week, and last month he finished his first half marathon.

a Kenta runs ten kilometers every day.
b Kenta started running to make new friends.
c Kenta could run only for a short time when he started.
d Kenta has finished several full marathons.

2 The town library used to close at 6 p.m. Last year, however, it began staying open until 9 p.m. on weekdays, because many working people had asked for longer hours.

a The library changed its hours in response to requests from users.
b The library is open until 9 p.m. every day of the week.
c The library now closes at 6 p.m. on weekdays.
d Working people asked the library to open earlier in the morning.

3 Few visitors came to the museum in its first year. After it added a café and hands-on exhibits for children, however, the number of visitors more than doubled.

a The café was the only reason more people came.
b The museum was popular from the very beginning.
c The museum became more popular after it made some changes.
d Children were not allowed to touch the exhibits.

4 Some researchers believe that bees may be able to recognize human faces, although more studies are needed to confirm this.

a Bees recognize faces better than humans do.
b All researchers agree that bees cannot recognize faces.
c It is not yet certain whether bees can recognize human faces.
d Scientists have proved that bees can recognize human faces.

5 Maya's parents wanted her to become a doctor. Maya, however, was more interested in art, and after high school she entered a design school instead of a medical school.

a Maya went to medical school before studying design.
b Maya wanted to become a doctor, but her grades were too low.
c Maya chose a different path from the one her parents hoped for.
d Maya's parents encouraged her to study art.

6 In this city, more people now travel to work by bicycle than by car. The city plans to build more bike lanes over the next five years.

a The city plans to ban cars within five years.
b Cycling to work is more common than driving in this city.
c The city has already finished building new bike lanes.
d Driving to work is more popular than cycling in this city.

7 The Kimura family moved from Osaka to Hokkaido in 2015. Ten years later, they opened a small bakery near the station.

a The family opened a bakery in Osaka in 2015.
b The family moved to Hokkaido ten years after opening the bakery.
c The family opened their bakery about ten years after moving to Hokkaido.
d The bakery has been open since 2015.

8 Not all of the students supported the new school rule. Some felt that it limited their freedom, while others thought it would make the school safer.

a None of the students supported the new rule.
b The students had different opinions about the new rule.
c All the students thought the rule would make the school safer.
d The teachers decided to cancel the new rule.

◆ Ⅱ 本文に対するダミーの選択肢は、どの型で作られているか選べ

9 本文:Some parents worry that video games are harmful. ／ ダミー:All parents believe video games are harmful.

a 本文と逆　b 言い過ぎ　c 主語のすり替え　d 数字・時のずれ

10 本文:Lisa helped her grandmother with the shopping. ／ ダミー:Lisa's grandmother helped her with the shopping.

a 因果のすり替え　b 言い過ぎ　c 比較のすり替え
d 主語のすり替え

11 本文:More people bought umbrellas this year, and the number of traffic accidents also went up. ／ ダミー:Buying umbrellas caused more traffic accidents.

a 主語のすり替え　b 因果のすり替え　c 数字・時のずれ
d 本文と逆

12 本文:The old train was faster than the new one. ／ ダミー:The new train was faster than the old one.

a 主語のすり替え　b 比較のすり替え　c 本文にない
d 言い過ぎ

13 本文:Hardly anyone attended the first meeting. ／ ダミー:Many people attended the first meeting.

a 言い過ぎ　b 本文と逆　c 因果のすり替え　d 本文にない

14 本文:The school was founded in 1952 and moved to its present site in 1978. ／ ダミー:The school was founded in 1978.

a 比較のすり替え　b 数字・時のずれ　c 本文と逆　d 主語のすり替え

15 本文:Emma moved to Canada last year. ／ ダミー:Emma moved to Canada because she found a job there.

a 主語のすり替え　b 本文にない　c 比較のすり替え　d 数字・時のずれ

◆ Ⅲ 英文の内容と一致しないものを1つ選べ

16 Our school festival is held every October. Students sell food, perform music and show their art. This year, for the first time, the festival was also streamed online so that family members living far away could watch it.

a The festival takes place once a year.

b The festival has been streamed online for many years.

c Family members living far away were able to watch the festival this year.

d Students perform music at the festival.

17 Jun works at a convenience store three evenings a week. He saves most of the money he earns because he wants to study in Australia after graduating. He also uses some of it to buy English books.

a Jun hopes to study in Australia after graduation.

b Jun is saving money to study abroad.

c Jun works at the store every evening.

d Jun spends some of his money on books.

18 Tea was first brought to Britain in the 17th century. At first it was very expensive, so only rich people could drink it. As the price fell, it became popular among ordinary people as well.

a Tea became popular with ordinary people as it became cheaper.

b Only wealthy people drank tea at first.

c Tea was cheap when it first arrived in Britain.

d People in Britain were already drinking tea in the 17th century.

◆ Ⅳ 記述が本文と一致すれば T、矛盾すれば F、本文から判断できなければ NG を選べ

19 本文:The library will close for repairs from May 1 to May 14. Books can still be returned through the box at the front door. ／ 記述:Books cannot be returned while the library is closed.

a T　b F　c NG

20 本文:The bakery sells about 300 loaves of bread a day, most of them in the morning. ／ 記述:The bakery sells more bread in the morning than later in the day.

a T　b F　c NG

21 本文:Mr. Sato has taught English at this school for twenty years. ／ 記述:Mr. Sato studied English in the United States.

a T　b F　c NG

22 本文:The plan was approved by 18 of the 20 members. ／ 記述:Most members supported the plan.

a T　b F　c NG

◆ Ⅴ 選択肢が本文と一致しない理由を、ダミーの型の名前を使って日本語で説明せよ

23 本文:Many students in the survey said they sleep less than seven hours. ／ 選択肢:All the students in the survey sleep less than seven hours.

24 本文:Ken's sister taught him how to swim when he was six. ／ 選択肢:Ken taught his sister how to swim.

25 本文:The company plans to open a new factory next year. ／ 選択肢:The company opened a new factory last year.

1 **c　Kenta could run only for a short time when he started.**
could not run for more than five minutes の言い換え。every day は three times a week の言い過ぎ、full marathons は half marathon の数字ずれ、友達作りは本文にない理由。

2 **a　The library changed its hours in response to requests from users.**
because 以下を in response to requests と抽象的に言い換えた正解。every day of the week は weekdays の言い過ぎ。6 p.m. は以前の時間。

3 **c　The museum became more popular after it made some changes.**
カフェと体験展示の追加を some changes とまとめた言い換え。Few visitors に反する「最初から人気」は逆、the only reason は言い過ぎ。

4 **c　It is not yet certain whether bees can recognize human faces.**
may と more studies are needed から「まだ確かではない」。proved は may の言い過ぎ、All researchers は Some の言い過ぎ、人間との比較は本文にない。

5 **c　Maya chose a different path from the one her parents hoped for.**
instead of a medical school を「親の望みと違う道」と言い換えた正解。「親が美術を勧めた」は逆、「成績が足りない」は本文にない理由をつけ足したダミー。

6 **b　Cycling to work is more common than driving in this city.**
more people … by bicycle than by car の言い換え。Driving … more popular は比較の向きを逆にしたすり替え、has already finished は plans（予定）を事実にした時のずれ。

7 **c　The family opened their bakery about ten years after moving to Hokkaido.**
Ten years later の順序を保った言い換え。「パン屋を開いた10年後に移住」は前後関係を逆にし、since 2015 は年を入れかえた数字・時のずれ。

8 **b　The students had different opinions about the new rule.**
Not all（部分否定）と Some ～, while others … から「意見が分かれた」。None は全体否定にすりかえた逆、All は言い過ぎ。

9 **b　言い過ぎ**
Some → All で範囲を広げている。さらに worry（心配する）を believe（信じている）に変え、心の状態も本文どおりではない。強い語・範囲の語は本文と照合する。

10 **d　主語のすり替え**
述語 helped ～ with the shopping は本文どおりで、助けた人と助けられた人が入れかわっている。人物が2人以上出たら要注意。

11 **b　因果のすり替え**
本文は2つのことが同時に起きたと言うだけで、原因と結果の関係は述べていない。and でつながった事実を because にするのが定番。

12 **b　比較のすり替え**
比べる2者（old と new）の向きを逆にしている。比較の文は「何と何を・どちらが上か」を本文と1つずつ照合する。

13 **b　本文と逆**
hardly anyone＝ほとんど誰も～ない。not 以外の否定語（hardly・few・fail to）の見落としを狙ったダミー。

14 **b　数字・時のずれ**
本文にある別の年（移転の1978年）を創立の年にすり替えている。数字は「何の数字か」まで照合する。

15 **b　本文にない**
引っ越しの事実は本文どおりだが、理由（仕事）は本文に書かれておらず、本文から導くこともできない。ありそうな理由ほど危ない。

16 **b　The festival has been streamed online for many years.**
for the first time（今年初めて）と矛盾する。every October→once a year、could watch→were able to watch は言い換えで一致。NOT 問題は一致する3つを消していく。

17 **c　Jun works at the store every evening.**
three evenings a week を every evening に広げた言い過ぎ。study in Australia→study abroad は具体→抽象の言い換えで一致。

18 **c　Tea was cheap when it first arrived in Britain.**
very expensive と逆。rich→wealthy、the price fell→became cheaper は言い換えで、どちらも一致する。

19 **b　F**
can still be returned（閉館中も返却できる）と矛盾するので F。本文に書いてあることと逆なら F、書いていなければ NG。

20 **a　T**
most of them in the morning＝大部分は午前中→午前の方が多い。most を比較の形に言い換えた記述で、一致する。

21 **c　NG**
どこで英語を学んだかは本文に書かれていない。英語の先生ならありそう、という常識で埋めると誤る。

22 **a　T**
20人中18人が賛成＝大多数が支持。数字を Most と抽象化した言い換えで、一致する。

23 **言い過ぎ。本文は「多くの生徒（Many students）」だが、選択肢は「全員（All）」に範囲を広げている。**
採点ポイント：型の名前（言い過ぎ）／Many と All の違いを本文の語を挙げて指摘。said（そう答えた）を事実に変えている点に触れてもよい。

24 **主語のすり替え。泳ぎ方を教えたのは姉［妹］で、教わったのはケンなのに、選択肢では逆になっている。**
採点ポイント：型の名前（主語・対象のすり替え）／教えた人と教わった人を本文に即して示す。

25 **数字・時のずれ。本文は来年工場を開く予定だと言っているのに、選択肢は昨年すでに開いた事実にしている。**
採点ポイント：型の名前（数字・時のずれ／予測→事実）／plans to（予定）と opened（過去の事実）、next year と last year の2点。