確認問題
260

共通テスト CHECK TEST

共通テスト頻出の言い換えパターン50 確認問題集

言い換えの確認問題26問。本文と同じ語の誤答を避け、別の語で同じことを言う正解を見抜く。

元のチートシートへ

月 日 名前 ／26問

表で解いて、裏で答え合わせ。まちがえた所は元のシートへ。

Ⅰ 本文の内容に最も近いものを選べ

1 The city is looking into the causes of the traffic jams near the station.

a The city is looking for a new station to reduce traffic.
b The city is watching the traffic jams from the station.
c The city has solved the traffic problem near the station.
d The city is investigating why traffic jams occur near the station.

2 Mika came up with a way to reuse old plastic bottles.

a Mika gave up trying to reuse plastic bottles.
b Mika came across some old plastic bottles.
c Mika collected old plastic bottles from the street.
d Mika thought of a method for using old plastic bottles again.

3 The new parking rule is only temporary.

a The rule has already been canceled.
b The rule will never be changed.
c The rule will be in effect for a limited time.
d The rule applies only to new drivers.

4 Taro was reluctant to give a speech in front of the whole school.

a Taro asked to give a speech to the whole school.
b Taro was excited to speak in front of the whole school.
c Taro refused to give the speech.
d Taro did not really want to give a speech to the whole school.

5 The museum is rarely crowded on weekday mornings.

a The museum is sometimes crowded on weekday mornings.
b The museum is full of people on weekday mornings.
c The museum is usually not full of people on weekday mornings.
d The museum is closed on weekday mornings.

6 Our team never forgets to thank the volunteers after each game.

a Our team sometimes forgets to thank the volunteers.
b Our team never thanks the volunteers.
c Our team always remembers to thank the volunteers after each game.
d The volunteers always thank our team after each game.

7 The shop on the corner sells nothing but organic vegetables.

a The shop sells organic vegetables and fruit.
b The shop sells every kind of vegetable except organic ones.
c The shop sells no organic vegetables.
d The shop sells only organic vegetables.

8 Ken no longer takes the bus to school.

a Ken spends a longer time on the bus than before.
b Ken has never taken the bus to school.
c Ken used to take the bus to school, but he doesn't now.
d Ken still takes the bus to school.

9 The concert did not start until nine o'clock.

a The concert ended at nine o'clock.
b The concert was canceled at nine o'clock.
c The concert started before nine o'clock.
d The concert started at nine o'clock.

10 Her first essay was far from perfect.

a Her first essay was almost perfect.
b Her first essay was written far away.
c Her first essay was perfect.
d Her first essay had quite a few problems.

11 The festival had to be canceled due to a shortage of staff.

a The festival was held with fewer visitors than expected.
b The festival was called off because there were not enough workers.
c The festival was put off because there were too many workers.
d The festival staff decided to shorten the event.

12 Most of the students eventually got used to the new timetable.

a Most of the students used the new timetable to study more.
b Few of the students ever got used to the new timetable.
c Most of the students immediately got used to the new timetable.
d In the end, most of the students became comfortable with the new timetable.

Ⅱ 英文を読み、内容に合うものを1つ選べ

13 Last year, the school library set up a reading corner for first-year students. At first, only a handful of students used it. After the librarian added comfortable chairs and a variety of comic books, however, the corner became one of the most popular places in the school.

a Making the corner more comfortable and adding many different books attracted students.
b The reading corner was popular from the start.
c Only first-year students were allowed to read comic books.
d The librarian removed the comic books to keep the corner quiet.

14 When the café opened, customers often complained that their coffee took too long to arrive. The owner listened to this feedback and hired two more staff members. Now orders are served right away.

a Customers still have to wait a long time for their coffee.

b The café responded to customers' opinions by increasing its staff.

c The café reduced its staff to save on expenses.

d The owner ignored the customers' comments.

15 In a survey of 400 high school students, 100 said they use a paper dictionary, and nearly half said they use only dictionary apps.

a One in four of the students said they use a paper dictionary.

b More than half of the students said they use only dictionary apps.

c Most of the students said they use a paper dictionary.

d None of the students said they use both kinds of dictionaries.

16 Rina's grandfather put up with the noise from the construction site for months without complaining. He said he was glad that a new hospital was being built in the neighborhood.

a The noise made Rina's grandfather move to another neighborhood.

b Rina's grandfather tolerated the noise because he welcomed the new hospital.

c Rina's grandfather helped to build the new hospital.

d Rina's grandfather complained about the noise to the hospital.

17 Before the trip, the students were told to bring a raincoat, an umbrella, and warm clothes, because the weather in the mountains can change quickly.

a The students forgot to bring their umbrellas.

b The students were told to buy new clothes in the mountains.

c The trip was canceled because of bad weather.

d The students were told to prepare for changing weather conditions.

18 Every morning before school, Daichi joins a group that picks up trash along the river. He has done this for three years, even in winter.

a Daichi started picking up trash only last winter.

b Daichi was forced by his school to clean the river.

c Daichi thinks the river is too dirty to clean.

d Daichi has regularly taken part in a community activity.

Ⅲ ほぼ同じ意味になるように、空所に1語を入れよ（文字が示されていればその文字で始まる語）

19 Please hand in your essay by Friday. = Please s _____ your essay by Friday.

20 The company turned down my proposal. = The company r_____ my proposal.

21 Smoking is not allowed anywhere on campus. = Smoking is p_____ everywhere on campus.

22 We have run out of milk. = We have no milk l_____.

23 I couldn't help laughing at his joke. = I couldn't help _____ laugh at his joke.

24 The number of visitors doubled last year. = The number of visitors increased by _____ percent last year.

25 Doctors and nurses worked through the night. = The m_____ staff worked through the night.

26 Prices rose sharply last year. = There was a sharp r _____ in prices last year.

1 **d The city is investigating why traffic jams occur near the station.**
look into＝investigate(調べる)。looking for(探す)・station・watching は本文の語や似た形を使い回したダミー。has solved は調査中を「解決済み」にした時のずれ。

2 **d Mika thought of a method for using old plastic bottles again.**
come up with＝think of(思いつく)、reuse＝use again。came across(偶然見つける)は come を使い回したダミー。gave up は本文と逆。

3 **c The rule will be in effect for a limited time.**
temporary＝for a limited time(一時的な)。never be changed は permanent(永続的)の意味で逆。取り消しや対象の限定は本文にない。

4 **d Taro did not really want to give a speech to the whole school.**
reluctant＝unwilling(気が進まない)。refused(断った)は言い過ぎで、気が進まなくても実際には話したかもしれない。excited・asked は逆。

5 **c The museum is usually not full of people on weekday mornings.**
rarely＝hardly ever(めったに～ない)で否定の意味。crowded＝full of people。sometimes と取るのが典型的な誤り。休館は本文にない。

6 **c Our team always remembers to thank the volunteers after each game.**
never forget＝always remember。否定入りの本文が肯定の選択肢に化ける型。never thanks は never だけを拾った逆、volunteers が主語のものは主語のすり替え。

7 **d The shop sells only organic vegetables.**
nothing but＝only(～だけ)。but は「～以外」で、「～以外何も売らない」＝「～だけ売る」。nothing を「何も～ない」とだけ取ると逆を選ぶ。

8 **c Ken used to take the bus to school, but he doesn't now.**
no longer＝not anymore(以前はしていたが、今はしない)。has never は「一度もない」で、以前はしていた点と合わない。longer を「長く」と取ったダミーも定番。

9 **d The concert started at nine o'clock.**
not A until B＝Bになって初めてAする。つまり9時に始まった(それまでは始まらなかった)。not に引かれて「始まらなかった・中止」を選ばない。

10 **d Her first essay had quite a few problems.**
far from＝全然～でない。far from perfect＝完璧からほど遠い＝問題が多い。far を「遠く」と取ったダミーと、perfect を使い回したダミーに注意。

11 **b The festival was called off because there were not enough workers.**
a shortage of＝not enough(不足)、canceled＝called off。put off は延期で別物。shorten は shortage と形が似た語の使い回し。

12 **d In the end, most of the students became comfortable with the new timetable.**
eventually＝in the end(結局・最終的に)で、時間がかかった含みがある。immediately(すぐに)は逆。used to の形を使い回したダミーにも注意。

13 **a Making the corner more comfortable and adding many different books attracted students.**
comfortable chairs と a variety of(＝many different) comic books の追加で人気に。only a handful of(ほんの少数)なので最初から人気は逆。漫画を減らした話はない。

14 **b The café responded to customers' opinions by increasing its staff.**
feedback＝opinions、hired two more staff members＝increasing its staff。right away(すぐに)なので「まだ待たされる」は逆。ignored・reduced も本文と逆。

15 **a One in four of the students said they use a paper dictionary.**
400人中100人＝4人に1人(25%)。nearly half は半分に少し足りないので more than half は×。両方を使う人は本文から判断できない。

16 **b Rina's grandfather tolerated the noise because he welcomed the new hospital.**
put up with＝tolerate(我慢する)、was glad＝welcomed。without complaining なので「苦情を言った」は逆。引っ越しや建設への参加は本文にない。

17 **d The students were told to prepare for changing weather conditions.**
雨具と防寒着の具体的な持ち物を「変わりやすい天候への備え」とまとめた(具体→まとめ語)。中止や忘れ物は本文にない。

18 **d Daichi has regularly taken part in a community activity.**
毎朝・3年間の清掃活動を took part in a community activity regularly とまとめた。even in winter を「冬に始めた」と取るのは誤り。強制や本人の考えは本文にない。

19 **submit**
hand in＝submit(提出する)。句動詞が1語の動詞に化ける型の代表。turn in も同じ意味。

20 **rejected／refused**
turn down＝reject／refuse(断る)。turn up(現れる)と混同しない。

21 **prohibited**
not allowed＝prohibited(禁止された)。banned も同じ意味。否定の本文が否定語のない語に言い換えられる型。

22 **left**
run out of＝have none left(使い果たす)。left は leave の過去分詞で「残っている」。

23 **but**
cannot help ～ing＝cannot help but＋原形(思わず～してしまう)。but の後は原形。

24 **100**
2倍＝元の量の分だけ増えた＝100%増。200% と書くのが典型的な誤り(200%増は3倍)。

25 **medical**
doctors and nurses を medical staff(医療スタッフ)とまとめる。具体例の列挙はまとめ語に化ける。

26 **rise**
動詞 rose → 名詞 rise、副詞 sharply → 形容詞 sharp。品詞を変えた言い換え。increase も同じ形で使える。