確認問題
390

TOEIC・IELTS・TOEFL CHECK TEST

IELTS Speaking Part1〜3 の型とフレーズ 確認問題集

IELTS Speaking の確認問題22問。Part 1〜3 の質問に合う答えを選び、最後に自分の答えを英語で書く。

元のチートシートへ

月　日　名前　／ 22問

表で解いて、裏で答え合わせ。まちがえた所は元のシートへ。

◆ I【Part 1】質問に対する答えとして最も適切なものを選べ

1 Do you enjoy cooking?

a Cooking is an activity in which people prepare food by heating it, and it has a long history in every culture.

b Yes, I do. I don't like cooking very much, so I never cook.

c Yes, I do, actually. I usually cook dinner for my family on Sundays because it helps me relax after a busy week.

d Yes.

2 Where do you live?

a I live in a small town. Do you live in a city, too?

b I live in a small town near the coast. It's about an hour from the nearest city by train, so it's quite peaceful.

c Small town.　d I'm living in a small town since I was born.

3 Do you read more now than when you were a child?

a Not really. When I am a child, I read every day, but now I mostly read on my phone.

b Yes. Reading is good for children because it improves their vocabulary.

c Not really. When I was a child, I used to reading every day.

d Not really. When I was a child, I read every day, but now I mostly read short articles on my phone.

4 What kind of weather do you like?

a It depends.　b I like the weather.

c It depends on what I'm doing, but generally I prefer cool, sunny days because they're perfect for walking.

d It depends on the weather.

5 Would you like to live abroad in the future?

a No, I wouldn't. I'd love to live in Australia someday.

b I'd love to living in Australia.

c I'd love to, actually. I'd like to spend a year in Australia, mainly because I want to improve my English and experience a different culture.

d Australia is a large country in the Southern Hemisphere.

6 Part 1 の1つの答えの長さとして最も適切なものはどれか。

a Yes／No の一言　b 質問の言い直しだけ

c 答え＋理由か具体例で2〜3文（15〜20秒ほど）

d 1分以上かけて詳しく話す

◆ II【Part 2】次のカードについて、各問いに答えよ

カード（オリジナル）：Describe a place in your town that you like to visit. You should say: where it is ／ what it looks like ／ how often you go there ／ and explain why you like it.

7 話し始めの1文として最も適切なものはどれか。

a Describe a place in your town that you like to visit.

b I'd like to talk about a place. It is a place. I like it.

c I'd like to talk about a small park near my house that I often visit on weekends.

d Places are very important for people because they give us many memories.

8 1分の準備時間の使い方として最も適切なものはどれか。

a 最後の explain の点だけを準備する

b カードの4つの点を見出しにして、キーワードをメモする

c 何もメモせず、頭の中で文を暗記する

d 話す内容を全部英文で書き出す

9 カードの and explain why you like it に答える文として最も適切なものはどれか。

a What I love most about it is that it's so quiet, so it's the perfect place to clear my head before exams.

b There's a pond in the middle and lots of tall trees.

c I usually go there twice a week.

d It's about ten minutes from my house on foot.

10 去年の夏に初めて訪れた時の場面を語る文として、時制が最も適切なものはどれか。

a When I first went there last summer, some children have fed the ducks by the pond.

b When I first went there last summer, some children were feeding the ducks by the pond.

c When I first go there last summer, some children feed the ducks by the pond.

d When I have first gone there last summer, some children were feeding the ducks.

11 話し始めて1分ほどで話すことがなくなった。最も適切な対応はどれか。

a 同じ文を何度もくり返して時間を埋める

b That's all. と言って話を終える

c カードの点に戻って具体例や気持ちを足し、2分近く話し続ける

d 試験官に次の質問をお願いする

Ⅲ【Part 3】質問に対する答え、または場面に合う言い方として最も適切なものを選べ

12 Why do you think some people prefer to spend their free time in nature?

a Yes, I do. Many people prefer nature.

b I like parks. I go to the park near my house every Sunday.

c Nature is green and beautiful.

d I'd say the main reason is stress. Many people work long hours in crowded cities, so being in nature helps them relax. Take hiking, for example. It lets people exercise and forget about their worries at the same time.

13 Do you think cities will have more green spaces in the future?

a It's hard to say for sure, but I imagine they will. Many governments are becoming more concerned about climate change, and trees can help keep cities cooler in summer. However, land in city centers is very expensive, so progress may be slow.

b Yes, cities have more green spaces in the past.

c In the future, I will go to the park more often.

d I don't know. I've never thought about it.

14 Do young people today spend less time outdoors than their parents did?

a No, I don't think so. Young people spend much less time outdoors these days.

b I think so.

c I think so, yes. When my parents were children, they played outside after school almost every day. Today, many young people spend their free time on smartphones or games, partly because these are easy to access at home.

d I think so, yes. My parents play outside every day when they are children.

15 公園の「ベンチ」という単語が出てこない。最も適切な言い方はどれか。

a It's a, um, um, um ...

b I can't think of the exact word, but it's a kind of long seat where people can sit outdoors.

c Sorry, I don't know.　d It's a kind of thing.

16 難しい質問で、すぐには答えが浮かばない。最初の一言として最も適切なものはどれか。

a Next question, please.　b I can't answer that.

c That's an interesting question. Let me think about it for a second.

d Um ... uh ... you know ... um ...

17 発音の評価について、シートの説明に最も近いものはどれか。

a ネイティブと同じ発音でないと高いバンドは出ない

b 訛りがあっても、聞き取りやすさに影響しなければ問題にされない

c 速く話すほど評価が上がる

d 発音は採点の観点に入っていない

Ⅳ 英語で答えを書け

18 Part 1：Do you prefer mornings or evenings? に2文で答えよ。

19 Part 2：Ⅱのカードについて、話し始めと where it is の2文を書け。

20 Part 2：Ⅱのカードの and explain why you like it に2文で答えよ（What I love most about it is で始める）。

21 Part 3：Should local governments spend more money on parks? に、立場→理由→例→一般化の順で答えよ（4文程度）。

22 thermometer（体温計）という単語が出てこない時に、言い換えて説明する1文を書け。

1 **c　Yes, I do, actually. I usually cook dinner for my family on Sundays because it helps me relax after a busy week.**
答え＋具体的な習慣と理由で2文、15〜20秒の長さ。一言の Yes. では語彙・文法の力を示せない。料理の定義は自分の話になっておらず、Yes の後で逆を言うのは矛盾。

2 **b　I live in a small town near the coast. It's about an hour from the nearest city by train, so it's quite peaceful.**
場所＋特徴を1つ足すのが Part 1 の型。since があるなら現在完了 I've lived が必要。名詞だけの答えは短すぎ、試験官に質問を返しても答えは広がらない。

3 **d　Not really. When I was a child, I read every day, but now I mostly read short articles on my phone.**
今と昔を比べる質問には、過去形と現在形の対比で答えると文が伸びる。When I am a child は時制の誤り、used to の後は原形。読書の一般論は自分の変化に答えていない。

4 **c　It depends on what I'm doing, but generally I prefer cool, sunny days because they're perfect for walking.**
It depends で止めず、条件と普段の好み・理由を続ける。It depends. だけでは答えにならず、on the weather は質問をくり返しただけ。I like the weather. は中身がない。

5 **c　I'd love to, actually. I'd like to spend a year in Australia, mainly because I want to improve my English and experience a different culture.**
願望は I'd love to で答え、場所と理由を足す。I'd love to の後は原形なので living は誤り。No の後で行きたいと言うのは矛盾。国の説明は自分の答えになっていない。

6 **c　答え＋理由か具体例で2〜3文（15〜20秒ほど）**
Part 1 は身近な質問が次々に来るので、答え＋1〜2文が目安。一言で止めると Fluency や語彙の力を示せず、長すぎる答えも不要。→ シートの『Part 1：答え＋1〜2文』

7 **c　I'd like to talk about a small park near my house that I often visit on weekends.**
カードの話題を言い換え、何の話かを具体的に示して始める。カードの朗読は話になっておらず、一般論は話題からそれる。中身のない文のくり返しは評価されない。

8 **b　カードの4つの点を見出しにして、キーワードをメモする**
鉛筆と紙が渡されるので、4つの点の順にキーワードを書く。1分で全文は書けず、メモなしでは2分の途中で迷う。explain だけでは前半の材料がない。→ シートの『Part 2：カードの順に話す』

9 **a　What I love most about it is that it's so quiet, so it's the perfect place to clear my head before exams.**
explain は理由・気持ちを語る点。What I love most about it is 〜 で山場を強調できる。距離は where、頻度は how often、池と木は what it looks like に答える文。

10 **b　When I first went there last summer, some children were feeding the ducks by the pond.**
過去の話は過去形を軸にし、その時に進行中の背景は過去進行形。last summer の出来事を表す動詞に現在形・現在完了は使えない。→ シートの『Part 2：カードの順に話す』

11 **c　カードの点に戻って具体例や気持ちを足し、2分近く話し続ける**
Part 2 は1〜2分話す場。1分で止めても形式上は範囲内だが、例や気持ちを足して2分近く話すほうが力を示せる。時間が来たら試験官が止める。同じ文のくり返しは評価されない。

12 **d　I'd say the main reason is stress. Many people work long hours in crowded cities, so being in nature helps them relax. Take hiking, for example. It lets people exercise and forget about their worries at the same time.**
立場→理由→例で、人々一般の話として答えている。自分の習慣だけでは Part 3 の分析にならない。green and beautiful は理由として浅く展開がない。Why の質問に Yes は答えがかみ合わない。

13 **a　It's hard to say for sure, but I imagine they will. Many governments are becoming more concerned about climate change, and trees can help keep cities cooler in summer. However, land in city centers is very expensive, so progress may be slow.**
推測の質問には I imagine で立場を示し、理由と However の留保で深める。in the past と現在形は時制の誤り。I don't know. で終えると展開がなく評価材料が少ない。自分の予定は社会の話になっていない。

14 **c　I think so, yes. When my parents were children, they played outside after school almost every day. Today, many young people spend their free time on smartphones or games, partly because these are easy to access at home.**
世代を比べる質問は、過去形（親の時代）と現在形（今）の対比＋理由で答える。親の子ども時代を現在形で語るのは誤り。No の後に Yes の内容を言うのは矛盾。一言では展開がない。

15 **b　I can't think of the exact word, but it's a kind of long seat where people can sit outdoors.**
語が出なくても止まらず、It's a kind of 〜 で説明すれば言い換えの力として評価される。あきらめる・つなぎ音で止まると流暢さが下がる。a kind of thing では何も伝わらない。

16 **c　That's an interesting question. Let me think about it for a second.**
意味のある一言で間を取れば、沈黙より自然。ただし毎回は使わない。つなぎ音の連続は流暢さを下げ、質問を飛ばす・答えないのは評価の材料がなくなる。

17 **b　訛りがあっても、聞き取りやすさに影響しなければ問題にされない**
公式のバンド記述は訛りそのものではなく、聞き手が楽に理解できるかを見る。Pronunciation は4観点の1つで、速さは評価の基準ではない。→ シートの『発音は「訛り」より「伝わり方」』

18 **I'm definitely more of a morning person. I usually get up at six and study for an hour before school, because my mind feels clearest early in the day.**
採点ポイント：1文目で答えを言い切る／2文目で具体的な習慣と理由を足す。evenings を選んでもよい。15〜20秒で言える長さ。

19 **I'd like to talk about a small riverside park that I often visit on weekends. It's about a ten-minute walk from my house, right next to the local library.**
採点ポイント：I'd like to talk about 〜 でカードを言い換えて始める／場所を目印や距離で具体的に。a ten-minute walk のように数詞＋名詞の形容詞は単数（minute）。

20 **What I love most about it is how peaceful it is, even though it's close to a busy road. Looking back, I think it's the place where I've spent some of my happiest moments with my friends.**
採点ポイント：気持ち・意味づけで締める／What I love most about it is の後は how＋形容詞＋S V か that 節／Looking back, で振り返ると話が締まる。

21 **Yes, I'd say they should. One reason is that parks give everyone, including people who can't afford a gym, a free place to exercise and relax. Take my local park, for example: in the mornings, it's full of elderly people doing exercises together. So investing in parks could improve the health of the whole community.**
採点ポイント：I'd say で立場／One reason is that で理由／Take ～, for example で例／So ～ で社会全体に広げる。個人の話だけで終わらない。反対の立場でも型が同じなら可。

22 **I can't remember the exact word, but it's the thing you use to check your temperature when you have a fever.**
採点ポイント：I can't remember／think of the exact word, but で止まらずに続ける／the thing you use to ～ か a kind of ～ で働きを説明する。用途が伝われば表現は自由。

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