確認問題
386

TOEIC・IELTS・TOEFL CHECK TEST

IELTS(アカデミック)4技能の超絶チートシート 確認問題集

IELTS 4技能の確認問題22問。バンドの計算、Reading・Listening・Writing・Speaking の基本形式を体験する。

元のチートシートへ

月　日　名前　／ 22問

表で解いて、裏で答え合わせ。まちがえた所は元のシートへ。

◆ Ⅰ 4技能のバンドから総合バンド(Overall)を求めよ

1 Listening 7.0 ／ Reading 7.0 ／ Writing 6.0 ／ Speaking 6.5
a 6.5　b 6.0　c 7.0　d 6.75

2 Listening 6.0 ／ Reading 6.5 ／ Writing 6.0 ／ Speaking 6.5
a 7.0　b 6.5　c 6.0　d 6.25

3 Listening 8.0 ／ Reading 7.5 ／ Writing 6.5 ／ Speaking 7.0
a 7.0　b 7.5　c 7.25　d 8.0

4 Listening 7.0 ／ Reading 7.5 ／ Writing 6.5 ／ Speaking 6.0
a 7.5　b 6.5　c 6.75　d 7.0

5 Listening 6.5 ／ Reading 6.0 ／ Writing 5.5 ／ Speaking 6.5
a 6.0　b 6.25　c 6.5　d 5.5

◆ Ⅱ【Reading型】本文を読み、記述が本文と一致すれば True、矛盾すれば False、判断できなければ Not Given を選べ

Urban Trees ／ Many cities have begun planting trees along their streets to reduce summer temperatures. Trees cool the air in two ways: their leaves block sunlight, and water evaporating from the leaves takes heat from the surrounding air. A study in one European city found that streets with large trees were, on average, about two degrees cooler on summer afternoons than similar streets without them. However, not all species are equally suitable. Some fast-growing trees need large amounts of water, which can be a problem in dry regions. City planners therefore often choose species that can survive long periods without rain. Although trees are expensive to plant and maintain, most researchers agree that their benefits outweigh the costs.

6 Trees lower air temperatures partly by blocking sunlight.
a True　b False　c Not Given

7 In the European study, streets with large trees were about five degrees cooler.
a True　b False　c Not Given

8 The European study was carried out over a period of ten years.
a True　b False　c Not Given

9 All tree species are equally suitable for planting in cities.
a True　b False　c Not Given

10 Trees in dry regions are usually watered by local residents.
a True　b False　c Not Given

11 Most researchers believe the advantages of street trees are greater than their costs.
a True　b False　c Not Given

◆ Ⅲ【Listening型】電話のスクリプトを読み、申込書の空所を NO MORE THAN TWO WORDS AND/OR A NUMBER で埋めよ

Receptionist: Good morning, Lakeside Sports Centre. How can I help you? ／ Caller: Hi, I'd like to join the beginners' swimming course. ／ Receptionist: Certainly. Can I take your name? ／ Caller: Yes, it's Daniel Harker. That's H-A-R-K-E-R. ／ Receptionist: Thank you. And a contact number? ／ Caller: It's oh-seven-nine-double-three, four-one-six, two-eight-five. ／ Receptionist: Lovely. The next course starts on the fifth of June. ／ Caller: Sorry, was that the fifth or the fifteenth? ／ Receptionist: Oh, sorry, I mean the fifteenth. The course costs £60 for eight lessons, but members pay £45. ／ Caller: I'm not a member, so I'll pay the full price. ／ Receptionist: All right. And please bring a swimming cap. Everyone has to wear one in the pool.

12 Name: Daniel ＿＿＿

13 Phone number: ＿＿＿

14 Course starts: ＿＿＿ June

15 Fee: £＿＿＿

16 Must bring: a ＿＿＿

Ⅳ【Writing型】最も適切な文を選べ

17 Task 1：グラフは2000年と2020年のA国の通勤手段の割合。車は60%→45%、自転車は5%→20%、バスは35%で変化なし。overview として最も適切なものは？

a Overall, cycling increased because the government built more bike lanes.

b Overall, the proportion of people commuting by car fell, while cycling became much more popular and bus use remained stable.

c Overall, I think more people should cycle to work because it is healthy.

d In 2000, 60% of people used cars, and in 2020, 45% of people used cars.

18 Task 2：Some people think that university education should be free for everyone. To what extent do you agree or disagree? 序論の立場の文として最も適切なものは？

a I strongly agree that university education should be free, because it gives everyone an equal chance to succeed.

b There are many universities in the world, and education is very important.

c This essay will talk about universities and money.

d Some people agree and some people disagree, and both sides have good points.

19 Task 1 で数値の変化を表す文として、文法・語法が正しいものは？

a The number of cyclists was risen sharply between 2000 and 2020.

b The number of cyclists rose sharp between 2000 and 2020.

c The number of cyclists raised sharply between 2000 and 2020.

d The number of cyclists rose sharply between 2000 and 2020.

Ⅴ【Speaking型】質問に対する答えとして最も適切なものを選べ

20 Part 1：Do you enjoy cooking?

a Cooking is the process of preparing food by using heat.

b Yes, I do. I usually cook dinner on weekends because it helps me relax after a busy week.

c Yes.

d Yes, I do. Cooking is my hobby. My hobby is cooking. I like cooking.

21 Part 3：Why do you think some people prefer living in cities?

a Generally speaking, cities offer more job opportunities. For example, many large companies have their main offices in big cities, so young people often move there for work.

b Because cities. Many jobs.　c I live in a city.

d I don't know because I have never thought about it.

22 Speaking の Pronunciation で目指すべきものは？

a ネイティブと区別がつかない発音　b イギリス英語だけの発音

c 聞き手が楽に理解できる発音　d できるだけ速く話すこと

1 **a　6.5**
合計26.5÷4＝6.625。いちばん近い0.5刻みは6.5。.25・.75 ちょうど以外は近い方に丸める。6.75 という総合バンドは存在しない。

2 **b　6.5**
合計25÷4＝6.25。平均がちょうど .25 なら .5 に切り上げる(公式)ので6.5。6.25 のまま出ることはない。

3 **b　7.5**
合計29÷4＝7.25。ちょうど .25 なので7.5に切り上げる。Writing が6.5でも、L8.0 が平均を押し上げている。総合はどの技能でも同じ重みで効く。

4 **d　7.0**
合計27÷4＝6.75。ちょうど .75 なら次の整数に切り上げるので7.0。→ シートの『丸めの計算例』。

5 **a　6.0**
合計24.5÷4＝6.125。.25 に届かないので近い方の6.0。Writing をあと0.5上げれば平均6.25で総合6.5になる。

6 **a　True**
two ways のうち1つが their leaves block sunlight。partly(一部は)が「2つの方法のうちの1つ」と合う。言い換えを探して照合する。

7 **b　False**
本文は about two degrees cooler。数字がはっきり食い違うので矛盾＝False。本文に同じ項目の数字があれば Not Given ではない。

8 **c　Not Given**
研究の期間は本文のどこにも書かれていない。肯定も否定もできないので Not Given。ありそうな数字ほど常識で埋めない。

9 **b　False**
本文は not all species are equally suitable とはっきり否定している。all と not all は矛盾なので False。

10 **c　Not Given**
乾燥地域の問題は書かれているが、誰が水をやるかは書かれていない。話題が出てくるだけで True／False にしない。

11 **a　True**
most researchers agree that their benefits outweigh the costs の言い換え(benefits→advantages、outweigh→are greater than)。

12 **Harker**
名前は1文字ずつつづられる。H-A-R-K-E-R を聞いたとおりに書く。つづりを1文字でも誤ると不正解。

13 **07933 416285**
oh＝0、double three＝33。英国では0を oh、同じ数字2つを double と読むことが多い。数字だけなので語数の条件も満たす。

14 **15／15th**
最初の fifth は言い直しで訂正された。I mean の後が正解で、最初に聞こえた数字に飛びつかない。日付は数字で 15(th)と書くのが確実。

15 **60**
£45 は会員の料金。電話の人は I'm not a member なので通常料金の £60。どちらの条件に当たるかまで聞き取る。

16 **swimming cap**
空所の前に a があるので、答えは swimming cap の2語(a を書くと重複)。2語以内の条件にも合う。

17 **b　Overall, the proportion of people commuting by car fell, while cycling became much more popular and bus use remained stable.**
overview は主な傾向を1〜2文でまとめる。数字の羅列は overview にならず、図にない原因や自分の意見は Task 1 の課題からずれる。

18 **a　I strongly agree that university education should be free, because it gives everyone an equal chance to succeed.**
To what extent〜? には、どの程度賛成かを序論で言い切る。一般論や両論の紹介だけでは問いに答えておらず、Task Response が伸びない。

19 **d　The number of cyclists rose sharply between 2000 and 2020.**
rise(自動詞)「上がる」、raise(他動詞)「上げる」。自動詞は受動態にならない。動詞を修飾するのは副詞 sharply。正確さは Grammatical Range and Accuracy の観点。

20 **b　Yes, I do. I usually cook dinner on weekends because it helps me relax after a busy week.**
Part 1 はまず質問に直接答え、理由や具体例を少し足す(文数の決まりはない)。1語で終わる・辞書の定義を言う・同じ内容をくり返す答えは、流暢さも語彙も評価されにくい。

21 **a　Generally speaking, cities offer more job opportunities. For example, many large companies have their main offices in big cities, so young people often move there for work.**
Part 3 は「一般に〜。例えば〜」と社会の話に広げる。自分のことだけ・文になっていない・考えたことがないで終える答えは不可。

22 **c　聞き手が楽に理解できる発音**
見られるのは訛りの有無より聞き取りやすさ。速さだけを上げると区切りや強勢が崩れて、かえって伝わりにくくなる。→ シートの『よくある誤解』。

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