確認問題
368

英検(2級・準1級・1級) CHECK TEST

英検準1級 ライティング超絶チートシート(要約・意見論述の型とフレーズ) 確認問題集

英検準1級ライティングの確認問題24問。一般化・品詞変換・指示の読み方・誤りの訂正を解き、要約と論述を書く。

元のチートシートへ

月　日　名前　／24問

表で解いて、裏で答え合わせ。まちがえた所は元のシートへ。

Ⅰ【一般化】下線部をまとめる語句として最も適切なものを選べ

1 Many children now spend hours on smartphones, game consoles, and tablets.

a electronic devices　b public facilities
c household appliances　d office supplies

2 The program aims to reduce crime, traffic accidents, and fires in the area.

a threats to public safety　b economic inequality
c environmental problems　d health care costs

3 Doctors, nurses, and pharmacists are in short supply in rural areas.

a Skilled craftspeople　b Medical professionals
c Public servants　d Research scientists

4 The factory has been accused of releasing chemicals into rivers and smoke into the air.

a pollutants into the environment　b information to the public
c products into the market　d energy into the grid

5 Visitors can enjoy hiking, kayaking, and camping in the national park.

a indoor sports　b outdoor activities　c cultural events
d educational programs

Ⅱ【統合・品詞変換】上下がほぼ同じ意味になるように、空所に1語を入れよ

6 Because the population is aging, the demand for nursing care is rising. = The ＿＿＿ of the population is increasing the demand for nursing care.

7 LED lights became cheaper, so cities installed more lighting. = Cheaper LEDs have ＿＿＿ to more lighting in cities.

8 Many people are worried about safety. = There are growing safety ＿＿＿.

9 The plan failed because there was not enough money. = The plan failed ＿＿＿ to a lack of funding.

10 Online shopping is convenient, but it produces a lot of packaging waste. = ＿＿＿ online shopping is convenient, it produces a lot of packaging waste.

Ⅲ【大問4・5型】次の英文(要約用)と TOPIC(意見論述用)を読み、設問に答えよ

In recent years, a growing number of companies have introduced a four-day workweek, allowing employees to work four days a week instead of five without a reduction in pay. Advances in digital tools have made it easier for many workers to complete their tasks in less time. ／ Supporters of this system argue that it benefits both workers and employers. Employees who have an extra day off each week report lower stress levels and have more time to spend with their families or on hobbies. Some companies have also found that rested employees are more productive and less likely to quit, which reduces the cost of hiring and training new staff. ／ However, critics point out that the system does not suit every industry. Hospitals, stores, and factories need workers to be present every day, so shortening the workweek could force such businesses to hire more people. Others worry that employees may feel pressure to do five days of work in four, which could actually increase stress. To address these concerns, some companies are testing the system for a limited period before deciding whether to adopt it permanently. ／ ◆ TOPIC:Should people be encouraged to work from home more often? ／ POINTS:Productivity・Work-life balance・Environment・Communication ／ Use TWO of the POINTS above to support your answer.

11 【要約】第1段落の要点として最も適切なものはどれか。

a Employees are paid less when they work four days a week.
b More companies are adopting a shorter workweek, partly because of technological advances.
c Most companies have already switched to a four-day workweek.
d Digital tools have caused many workers to lose their jobs.

12 【要約】第3段落の Hospitals, stores, and factories を一般化したものとして最も適切なものはどれか。

a organizations run by volunteers
b companies that rely on digital tools
c industries that pay high salaries
d businesses that require workers on site every day

13 【要約】要約の3文目(第3段落)として最も適切なものはどれか。

a However, critics say that the system does not suit every industry.

b However, hospitals, stores, and factories need workers to be present every day.

c However, I believe the four-day workweek will become common in the future.

d However, critics say that it is unsuitable for some industries and may increase stress, so some firms are testing it first.

14 【意見論述】序論として最も適切なものはどれか。

a I believe that people should be encouraged to work from home more often for two reasons: it improves work-life balance and benefits the environment.

b Working from home has both advantages and disadvantages, so it is difficult to decide.

c I believe that people should be encouraged to work from home more often for three reasons: productivity, work-life balance, and the environment.

d First, working from home allows people to spend more time with their families.

15 【意見論述】POINTS の使い方として指示に合うものはどれか。

a Work-life balance と Environment を1つずつ、本論の2段落で使う

b 4つの POINTS すべてに少しずつ触れる

c POINTS に無い観点だけで2つの理由を書く

d Productivity だけを本論の2段落で使う

16 【意見論述】本論2(Environment)として説得力が最も高いものはどれか。

a Second, working from home would benefit the environment. If fewer people commuted by car or train every day, energy use and carbon dioxide emissions would decrease.

b Second, working from home is good for the environment. For example, I like nature very much.

c Second, the environment. Many people commute.

d Second, working from home is good for the environment. The environment is very important for everyone.

◆ Ⅳ 論説文として誤り・不適切な所を見抜け((A)～(D)の問題は誤りを含む下線部を1つ選べ)

17 Research indicates(A) that a large number of(B) people is(C) unaware of the(D) risks.

a (A)　b (B)　c (C)　d (D)

18 There is(A) numerous(B) evidence(C) that sleep affects(D) memory.

a (A)　b (B)　c (C)　d (D)

19 Although online education is convenient, but(A) it requires(B) students to be(C) highly(D) motivated.

a (A)　b (B)　c (C)　d (D)

20 論説文として最も適切な文はどれか。

a Many children in rural areas have limited access to educational resources.

b Many kids in rural area has limited access to education resource.

c Lots of kids in rural areas don't have much stuff for school.

d And, kids in rural areas can't get good education.

21 help を格上げした表現として正しいものはどれか。Drones help reduce traffic congestion.

a Drones contribute to reducing traffic congestion.

b Drones are contributed to reducing traffic congestion.

c Drones contribute to reduce traffic congestion.

d Drones contribute reducing traffic congestion.

◆ Ⅴ 書いて答えよ

22 Ⅲの英文を60～70語の英語で要約せよ(できるだけ自分の言葉で)。

23 Ⅲの TOPIC について、Work-life balance を使った本論1を約45語で書け。

24 Ⅲの TOPIC について、本論の2つの理由を言い換えて、結論の1文を書け。

1 **a　electronic devices**
3つに共通する上位の概念は電子機器。household appliances は冷蔵庫・洗濯機などの家電で、ゲーム機・タブレットを含めるとずれる。

2 **a　threats to public safety**
犯罪・交通事故・火事に共通するのは安全への脅威。シートの crime and accidents → safety と同じ一般化。環境問題は火事だけにしか当てはまらない。

3 **b　Medical professionals**
医師・看護師・薬剤師＝医療の専門職。professionals は専門的な職業の人をまとめる便利な語。Public servants は公務員で範囲がずれる。

4 **a　pollutants into the environment**
川に化学物質、空に煙＝環境に汚染物質。rivers と the air を the environment に、chemicals と smoke を pollutants にまとめる二重の一般化。

5 **b　outdoor activities**
どれも屋外で楽しむ活動。要約では具体例をこうした上位語にまとめると語数が減り、要点だけが残る。→ シートの『要約の3技』の一般化。

6 **aging／ageing**
節(the population is aging)を名詞句(the aging of the population)にして主語にした統合。ageing はイギリス式のつづり。

7 **led**
原因を主語にし、lead to ～(～につながる)で2つの節を1文にする。have の後なので過去分詞 led。resulted in も同じ働き。

8 **concerns**
形容詞 worried を名詞 concerns に変えた。safety concerns＝安全面の懸念は、準1級の要約・論述で使える定番の名詞句。

9 **due／owing**
because＋節 → due to[owing to]＋名詞。not enough money→a lack of funding も名詞化の言い換え。語数の調整にも使える。

10 **While／Although／Though**
while ～, …(～である一方で…)は利点と欠点を1文にまとめる切り札。but と Although を1文に両方使うのは誤り。

11 **b　More companies are adopting a shorter workweek, partly because of technological advances.**
現象(週4日制の広がり)＋背景(デジタル化)。without a reduction in pay に反する減給は逆、a growing number を Most にしたのは言い過ぎ。

12 **d　businesses that require workers on site every day**
3つに共通するのは、毎日人がいる必要があること。本文の need workers to be present every day を関係詞節でまとめた。ほかは本文から言えない共通点。

13 **d　However, critics say that it is unsuitable for some industries and may increase stress, so some firms are testing it first.**
問題点2つと最後の対策まで入っている。I believe ～ は意見、hospitals ～ は本文の写しで具体例のまま、does not suit ～ だけでは2つ目の問題点と対策が欠ける。

14 **a　I believe that people should be encouraged to work from home more often for two reasons: it improves work-life balance and benefits the environment.**
立場＋使う2つの POINTS を予告。3つの理由は TWO の指示違反、立場のない序論は内容・構成ともに弱い。いきなり First で始めると序論がない。

15 **a　Work-life balance と Environment を1つずつ、本論の2段落で使う**
準1級は4つの中から TWO を使えという指示。2級の POINTS(参考)と違い、すべて使う・使わないはどちらも指示違反になる。指示文を最後まで読むこと自体が得点。

16 **a　Second, working from home would benefit the environment. If fewer people commuted by car or train every day, energy use and carbon dioxide emissions would decrease.**
理由→どうしてそうなるか(通勤が減る→排出が減る)の説明がある。ほかは同じことのくり返し、理由にならない個人の好み、文になっていない書き方。

17 **c　(C)**
a large number of＋複数名詞は複数扱いなので are。the number of ～(～の数)なら単数扱いの is になる。区別が頻出。

18 **b　(B)**
numerous は数えられる名詞の複数形に使う。evidence は数えられないので considerable / much evidence。is は evidence に合っていて正しい。

19 **a　(A)**
Although と but は1文に両方使わない。下線のある but を取る。require 人 to do、副詞 highly(非常に)が形容詞 motivated を修飾するのは正しい。

20 **a　Many children in rural areas have limited access to educational resources.**
kids・stuff・lots of は口語的、短縮形も避けるのが無難。文頭の And, は論説文で避ける。Many kids in rural area has ～ は area・resource の複数形と has の一致も誤り。

21 **a　Drones contribute to reducing traffic congestion.**
contribute to の to は前置詞なので、後ろは名詞か動名詞。「～に貢献する」の意味では to が必要で、受け身にもしない。→ シートの『語彙の格上げ表』。

22 **More and more companies are introducing a four-day workweek without cutting pay, as digital tools allow employees to work more efficiently. Supporters say that it reduces stress and makes employees more productive and less likely to quit. However, critics argue that it is unsuitable for businesses that need staff every day and may increase pressure on workers, so some companies are testing it for a limited period.(67語)**
採点ポイント:①現象＋背景 ②賛成側の利点 ③反対側の問題点＋対策、の3文。病院などの具体例は一般化し、対策まで落とさない。意見を入れない。語数は60～70語。

23 **First, working from home would improve people's work-life balance. Without long commutes, employees would have more time to spend with their families or to rest. This is particularly true for parents with young children, who often struggle to balance work and childcare.(42語)**
採点ポイント:First＋理由1文／「通勤がなくなる→時間ができる」の説明／This is particularly true for ～ で対象を絞った具体化。仮定の would で提案の効果を述べる。

24 **In conclusion, encouraging people to work from home more often would help them balance their work and private lives and reduce harm to the environment.**
採点ポイント：In conclusion で始める／立場をくり返す／理由2つを序論とは別の言葉で（work-life balance→balance their work and private lives）。新しい理由を足さない。

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