確認問題 370

英検準1級 面接(スピーキング)超絶チートシート(ナレーション・質問の型) 確認問題集

英検準1級面接の確認問題20問。ナレーションの英文、No.1の型、No.2～4の答え方を解いて固める。

元のチートシートへ

月　日　名前　／20問

表で解いて、裏で答え合わせ。まちがえた所は元のシートへ。

Ⅰ【ナレーション】問題カードを見て、各問いに答えよ

問題カード(書き下ろし) ／ 最初の文:One day, Mika and her father were talking about an empty lot near their house. ／ 1コマ目:空き地を指さす父。吹き出し「近所の人と野菜を育てよう」 ／ **The next weekend**:2コマ目:ミカと父が「Community Garden — Everyone Welcome」と書かれた看板を立て、近所の人たちが種をまいている ／ **A few months later**:3コマ目:畑は野菜でいっぱい。近所の人たちが収穫し、地元テレビ局が撮影している ／ **The next morning**:4コマ目:カラスがトマトを食い荒らしていて、ミカが驚いて見ている

1 1コマ目の説明として、文法・時制とも最も適切なものを選べ。

a Her father pointed at the lot and suggested to grow vegetables there with their neighbors.

b Her father pointed at the lot and suggested growing vegetables there with their neighbors.

c Her father was pointed at the lot and suggested growing vegetables there with their neighbors.

d Her father points at the lot and suggests growing vegetables there with their neighbors.

2 2コマ目の説明として最も適切なものを選べ。

a The next weekend, Mika and her father will put up a sign, and some neighbors will plant seeds.

b The next weekend, Mika and her father are putting up a sign, and some neighbors are planting seeds.

c The next weekend, Mika and her father were put up a sign, and some neighbors were planted seeds.

d The next weekend, Mika and her father were putting up a sign, and some neighbors were planting seeds.

3 3コマ目の説明。下線部のうち誤りを含むものを1つ選べ。A few months later, the garden <u>was full of</u>(A) vegetables, and a local TV crew <u>was filming</u>(B) the neighbors <u>who were harvest</u>(C) them <u>with big smiles</u>(D).

a (A)　b (B)　c (C)　d (D)

4 4コマ目の説明として最も適切なものを選べ。

a The next morning, Mika was shocked to find that crows have eaten many of the tomatoes.

b The next morning, Mika was shocked to find that crows had eaten many of the tomatoes.

c The next morning, Mika was shocking to find that crows had eaten many of the tomatoes.

d The next morning, Mika was shocked to find that crows had been eaten many of the tomatoes.

5 考えの吹き出し「もっと人手を集めなきゃ」をナレーションに入れる文として最も適切なものを選べ。

a She thought that they needed to find more people to help.

b She was thought that they needed to find more people to help.

c She thought they are need more people to help.

d She thinks to find more people to help.

Ⅱ【No.1～No.4】質問に対する答えとして最も適切なものを選べ

6 (Ⅰのカード)Please look at the fourth picture. If you were Mika, what would you be thinking?

a Yes, I would. I think community gardens are good for people in the neighborhood.

b I'd be thinking, "We should have covered the plants with nets. Next time, we'll protect them before the tomatoes get ripe."

c She would be thinking that the crows are very bad, and she would want to tell her father about them.

d I'd be thinking, "I'm glad the TV crew came to film our garden. We should invite them again."

7 Do you think people today have fewer chances to get to know their neighbors?

a Yes, I think so. Many people now work long hours and shop online, so they rarely meet the people living around them. In my apartment building, for example, I only know the names of one or two families.

b No, I don't think so. I like my neighbors very much because they are kind. I like my town, too.

c It depends. Some people know their neighbors, and some people don't. It is different for each person, so I cannot say.

d Yes, I think so. People are busy these days. But actually, people know their neighbors well, so they have many chances.

8 Should companies allow their employees to work from home more often?

a Yes. Working from home saves employees the time and stress of commuting, so they can focus better on their tasks. For example, my sister now uses the two hours she used to spend commuting to take online courses.

b Yes. Working from home is good. Also, working at the office is good. Both are good for employees.

c Working from home are becoming popular because many companies has introduced it in recent years.

d No. I don't like working from home. But companies should allow it more often because it is convenient.

9 Should the government do more to protect farmland in Japan?

a Yes. I love vegetables, and my favorite food is tomatoes. I want to eat delicious vegetables every day.

b Yes, I think so. Japan imports much of its food, so if farmland keeps disappearing, the country could face food shortages during an international crisis. The government should support young farmers so that the land continues to be used.

c Yes. Farmland is in Japan. The government is in Tokyo. So the government should protect farmland.

d I don't know much about farming, so I have no idea. Maybe the government knows better than me.

10 Do you think online shopping will replace physical stores in the future?

a No, I don't think so. Online shopping is very convenient, so more and more people will stop going to stores in the future.

b Online shopping. It is convenient. Stores. They are not convenient.

c No, I don't think so. It is true that online shopping is convenient. However, many people still want to see and touch products before buying them, especially clothes and furniture. Stores also give people a chance to enjoy shopping with friends.

d Yes, I do. I bought a pair of shoes online last week.

◆ Ⅲ 面接の場面で最も適切な言い方を選べ

11 面接委員：How did you get here today?

a Yes, I did. I got here today.

b I came here by bus. It took about thirty minutes from my house.

c I'm getting here by bus every day.　d By bus. Thank you.

12 質問が聞き取れなかった時の言い方

a What? Say it again.

b I'm sorry. Could you repeat the question, please?

c I can't hear. Speak more loudly.　d Repeat, please you.

13 Many cities are trying to support elderly people. ＿＿＿, my town started a free bus service for them.

a For example　b Otherwise　c However　d Instead

14 考える時間がほしい時、沈黙の代わりに言うのに最も適切なもの

a Let me think for a moment.　b I have no idea.

c Next question, please.　d Wait, wait, wait.

15 It is true that cars are convenient. ＿＿＿, they cause a lot of air pollution in big cities.

a However　b For example　c Therefore　d In addition

◆ Ⅳ 英語で書け（ナレーションの1文・No.1～No.4の答え）

16 Ⅰの問題カードの2コマ目について、看板の文字（Community Garden ― Everyone Welcome）を入れた英文を1文書け。

17 No.1型。次の4コマ目の場面で、質問に2文で答えよ。場面：文化祭でケンタのクラスが手作りクッキーを売ったが、長い行列ができ、待ちくたびれた客が次々に帰っていく。／ If you were Kenta, what would you be thinking?

18 立場→理由→具体例の3～4文で答えよ。Do you think more people will use public transportation in the future?

19 社会全体への影響まで広げて3～4文で答えよ。Should companies do more to help employees balance work and raising children?

20 次の答えに1文を足して、社会への影響まで広げた答えにせよ。Q: Should more cities build bicycle lanes? A: Yes. I like riding my bicycle.

1 **b Her father pointed at the lot and suggested growing vegetables there with their neighbors.**
吹き出しの Let's ～ は suggested ～ing で地の文にする。suggest は to 不定詞をとらない。ナレーションは過去形で語るので現在形は時制のぶれ。was pointed は受け身で誤り。→ シートの『模範ナレーション』。

2 **d The next weekend, Mika and her father were putting up a sign, and some neighbors were planting seeds.**
コマの間の時間の語句で始め、絵の中で進行中の動作は過去進行形 were ～ing で語る。現在形・未来形は時制がぶれる。were put up は受け身の形で、後ろに目的語の a sign を置けない。

3 **c (C)**
進行形は were harvesting。be動詞＋原形の形はない。(A) be full of、(B) 過去進行形はどちらも正しい。テレビ局のような周りの人物の様子を拾うと、情報量が増える。

4 **b The next morning, Mika was shocked to find that crows had eaten many of the tomatoes.**
見つけた時点より前に食べられていたので過去完了 had eaten。have eaten は時制がずれる。人が驚くのは shocked(shocking は「衝撃的な」)。had been eaten は受け身で目的語をとれない。

5 **a She thought that they needed to find more people to help.**
考えの吹き出しは She thought that ～ で過去形にそろえる。was thought は受け身で意味が通らない。thinks to find は「人手を集めなきゃ」の意味にならず、現在形で時制もずれる。are need は be 動詞と一般動詞が重なった誤り。

6 **b I'd be thinking, "We should have covered the plants with nets. Next time, we'll protect them before the tomatoes get ripe."**
I'd be thinking, "…" と本人として話し、反省(should have＋過去分詞)と次の行動の2文で答えるのが型。第三者で語る答えは質問とずれ、テレビ局の話は4コマ目に合わず、Yes, I would. は答えになっていない。

7 **a Yes, I think so. Many people now work long hours and shop online, so they rarely meet the people living around them. In my apartment building, for example, I only know the names of one or two families.**
最初の1語で立場を言い切り、理由→具体例と続く。It depends で始めて「言えない」で終わる答えは理由も具体例もない。Yes と言った後で逆を言うのは立場の変更。No の答えは好みを並べただけで、質問への理由になっていない。

8 **a Yes. Working from home saves employees the time and stress of commuting, so they can focus better on their tasks. For example, my sister now uses the two hours she used to spend commuting to take online courses.**
立場→理由(通勤の時間とストレスが減る)→身近な具体例の型どおり。Yes の後に「どちらも良い」と続けると、増やすべき理由にならない。are・has は主語との一致の誤りで、立場もない。No と言いながら allow it と言うのは矛盾。

9 **b Yes, I think so. Japan imports much of its food, so if farmland keeps disappearing, the country could face food shortages during an international crisis. The government should support young farmers so that the land continues to be used.**
No.4は社会性のある質問。食料の輸入依存→危機の時の食料不足と社会全体への影響まで広げ、政府の対策で締めている。好みだけの答えは社会の視点がなく、論理の通らない答えや答えない答えは論外。

10 **c No, I don't think so. It is true that online shopping is convenient. However, many people still want to see and touch products before buying them, especially clothes and furniture. Stores also give people a chance to enjoy shopping with friends.**
No と言い切り、It is true that ～. However, … で反対側を認めてから理由を述べている。2つ目は理由が No と逆向き、3つ目は文になっていない。最後は具体例だけで理由がない。

11 **b I came here by bus. It took about thirty minutes from my house.**
交通手段にもう1文(所要時間)を足すと自然。Yes, I did. は Yes/No で答える質問への返し方でかみ合わない。現在進行形＋every day は今日の話にならない。By bus. Thank you. は答えにはなるが、1語で切り上げる印象で、面接では1文足す方がよい。

12 **b I'm sorry. Could you repeat the question, please?**
I'm sorry. Could you ～, please? が丁寧で自然。What? や命令文は面接委員への言葉として失礼に響く。Repeat, please you. は語順の誤り。自然な流れの聞き返しは減点されないが、くり返しは減点の対象。

13 **a For example**
後ろの文が前の文の具体例なので For example。However は逆接、Instead は「その代わりに」、Otherwise は「さもなければ」で、前後の関係に合わない。身近な事実1つで答えに説得力が出る。

14 **a Let me think for a moment.**
Let me think for a moment. で考える間も話す姿勢を見せる。I have no idea. や Next question, please. は答えるのをあきらめている。Wait を重ねるのは面接委員に失礼に聞こえる。

15 **a However**
It is true that ～. However, … は譲歩→主張の定番。反対側を先に認めると答えに深みが出る。Therefore は結果、For example は具体例、In addition は追加で、認めた後に反論する流れに合わない。

16 **They put up a sign that said that everyone was welcome to join the community garden.**
採点ポイント:看板・ポスターの文字は say で伝える(a sign that said ～)。引用符で文字をそのまま入れてもよい。文字情報を入れると話が具体的になり、2分を埋める材料にもなる。

17 **I'd be thinking, "We should have had more people working at the counter. Next year, we'll let customers order in advance so that they don't have to wait so long."**
採点ポイント:I'd be thinking, で始める／1文目に反省(should have＋過去分詞)／2文目に具体的な次の行動。絵の状況に合っていれば、後悔やいらだちを正直に言う答えでもよい。

18 **Yes, I think so. As the population ages, more elderly people will stop driving and depend on buses and trains. In addition, many young people in cities choose not to own cars because parking and insurance are expensive. For example, few of my friends in Tokyo have a car.**
採点ポイント:最初の1語で立場／理由1文＋説明か具体例1～2文／途中で立場を変えない。No なら「地方では車が欠かせない」などの理由でもよい。

19 **Yes, I think so. Many parents give up their careers because it is difficult to work long hours while raising children. If companies offered flexible working hours and childcare support, more parents could continue working. This would ease the labor shortage in Japan and might encourage more people to have children.**
採点ポイント：立場を最初に／個人の話で終わらせず、人手不足・少子化など社会への影響まで広げる／If ～ would で対策の効果を示す。

20 **Yes. I like riding my bicycle. If more cities built bicycle lanes, cycling would become safer, and more people would choose bicycles instead of cars, which would reduce traffic jams and air pollution.**
採点ポイント：I like ～ の好みで終わらせず、安全・渋滞・大気汚染など社会全体への効果を述べる／仮定法 If ～ would で筋道を示す。

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